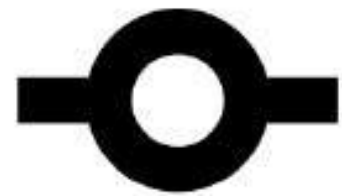


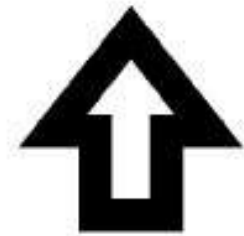
# THE EPIC GIT

By [Chen Hui Jing / @hj\\_chen](#)

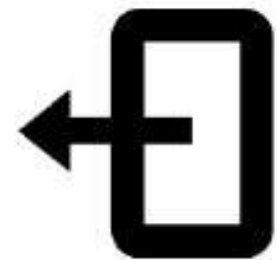
# In case of fire



1. `git commit`

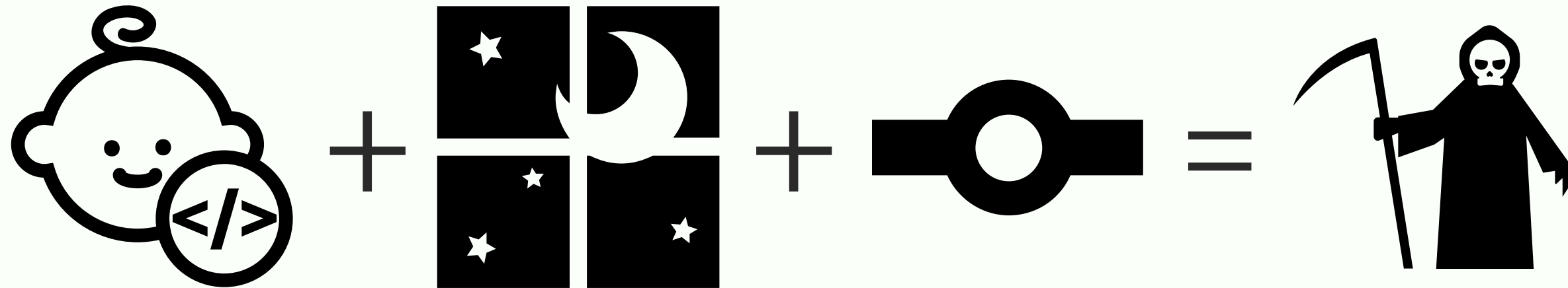


2. `git push`

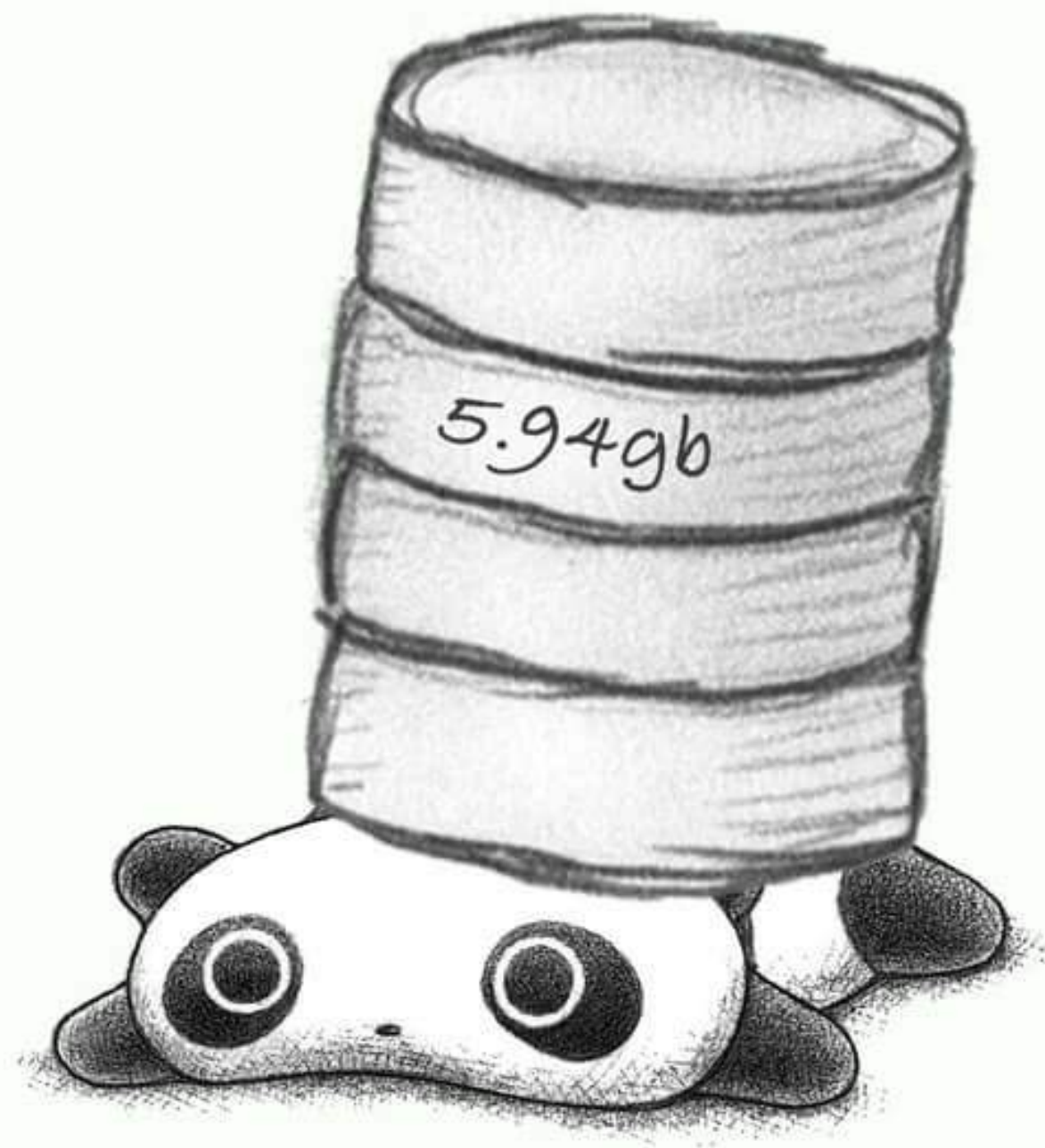


3. `leave building`

# A LITTLE BACK-STORY



# THE REPO DOES NOT FORGET



# STEP 1: GIT FILTER-BRANCH

```
git filter-branch --index-filter 'git
```

```
rm -rf --cached --ignore-unmatch FOLDER_NAME'  
--prune-empty --tag-name-filter cat -- --  
all
```

Hey, it's a pretty long line. ^\\_(\`ツ)\\_/\_

## `filter-branch --index-filter`

- The `filter-branch` command allows you to rewrite the Git history
- Can apply filters to modify information about each commit
- `--index-filter` rewrites the index
- Possible to use `--tree-filter` but `--index-filter` is faster because it does not check out the tree

```
'git rm -rf --cached --ignore-unmatch
```

- Used with `--index-filter` for optimal results
- Removes file(s) recursively (`rm`) and forcefully (`-rf`)
- `--cached` is used to unstage and remove paths from the index
- `--ignore-unmatch` will prevent the command from failing if the file is absent from the tree of a commit

```
--prune-empty --tag-name-filter cat
```

- **--prune-empty** allows the filter-branch command to ignore empty commits generated by the filters applied
- **-tag-name-filter** **cat** will update the relevant tags by rewriting them



```
-- --all
```

- -- simply separates the filter-branch options from the revision options
- --all will rewrite ALL branches and tags
- [Official documentation for git filter-branch](#)

# STEP 2: GIT PRUNE

```
git prune
```

- Prunes all unreachable objects from the object database
- Removes objects that are no longer being referenced
- [Official documentation for git prune](#)

# STEP 3: REMOVE OLD REFERENCES

```
rm -rf .git/refs/original/
```

- Removes any old references to the unwanted folder/file
- Branches, remote-tracking branches, and tags are all references to commits
- All references are named with a slash-separated path name starting with "refs"

# STEP 4: GIT REFLOG

```
git reflog expire --expire=now --all
```

- To manage reference log information
- **expire** is used to prune older reflog entries
- **--expire=now** specifies how far behind these older entries should be, in this case, right now
- [Official documentation for git reflog](#)

# STEP 5: GIT GC

```
git gc --prune=now
```

- Cleans up unnecessary files and optimises the local repository
- `--prune=now` prunes objects older than the date specified, in this case, right now
- [Official documentation for `git gc`](#)

# STEP 6: CLONE TO NEW REPO

```
git clone --no-hardlinks file://PATH/T
```

- Gives a "clean" repository with the history rewritten to remove target folder, with all other commits intact

# HOUSTON, WE GOT A PROBLEM

- Force pushing these changes up to remote didn't work
- Create a new remote repository and push the clean repo up there
- Asked everyone to change their remote origin
- Only works if nobody pulled from the time you screwed up and the time you fixed things

# TO FIND OUT MORE...

- [BFG Repo-Cleaner](#)
- [Official Git documentation](#)
- [The Git Community Book](#)



# THE END

 <http://www.chenhuijing.com>

 @hj\_chen

 @hj\_chen

 @huijing